

4. Incubate at -80°C for 30 min or place in dry ice for 5 min.
5. Centrifuge at 16,000g for 10 min at 4°C .
6. Remove supernatant, rinse the precipitate with 1 mL 70% ethanol.
7. Dry under vacuum.
8. Make up the following master mix for one sample:
 - a. 5 μL 10X RTase buffer.
 - b. 5 μL Actinomycin D.
 - c. 20 μL 2.5 mM dNTP mix.
 - d. 1 μL 3' Antisense-strand primer (100 pmol/1 μL).
 - e. 19 μL Sterile H_2O .
 - f. 0.3 μL AMV reverse transcriptase XIL (30 U/ μL).
9. Add the master mix to the dried denatured genomic RNAs, vortex, and spin briefly.
10. Incubate at 45°C for 1 h and terminate the reaction by adding 1 μL 0.5M EDTA, pH 8.0.
11. Add 25 μL each of phenol and chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (24:1).
12. Vortex for 3 min and centrifuge for 5 min.
13. Transfer the aqueous phase to a new microcentrifuge tube and add 50 μL chloroform.
14. Vortex for 3 min and centrifuge for 5 min.
15. Transfer the aqueous phase to a new microcentrifuge tube and add 0.1 vol of 3M sodium acetate and 2.5 vol of ethanol.
16. Place on ice for 30 min and centrifuge at 16,000g for 10 min at 4°C .
17. Rinse the precipitate with 70% ethanol and dry under vacuums.
18. Suspend in 25 μL sterile H_2O and 5 μL was subjected to a PCR reaction.
19. In a 0.5-mL microcentrifuge tube, mix in the following in order:
 - a. 5 μL 10X amplification buffer.
 - b. 8 μL 1.25 mM dNTPs.
 - c. 1 μL 5' Sense-strand primer (100 pmol/1 μL).
 - d. 1 μL 3' Antisense-strand primer (100 pmol/1 μL).
 - e. 30 μL Sterile H_2O .
 - f. 1 μL Tth DNA polymerase (4U/ μL).
 - g. 5 μL First-strand cDNA made from up to 1 μg dsRNA.
20. Overlay the reaction mixture with one drop (about 30 μL) of light mineral oil and briefly spin.
21. Carry out the amplification of cDNAs with a thermal cycler. Typical conditions for the synthesis of cDNA, denaturation, annealing, and polymerization are as follows:

24 PCR cycles	94 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 1 min
	55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 2 min
	72 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3 min
Final extension	72 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 10 min
22. Withdraw a portion of the amplified DNAs from the reaction mixture and analyze it by gel electrophoresis, Southern hybridization, or DNA sequencing.