



Fig. 1. The proposed genome organization of TBRV RNA-1 and RNA-2. The polypeptides indicated in (A) and (C), with putative cleavage sites, are those predicted from sequence data. The sizes of the polypeptides in (B) and (D) are deduced from electrophoretic analysis of polypeptides identified in vitro or in vivo. (Data used with permission from refs. 5–10.)

23-kDa proteins have been detected as separate entities either in vitro or in vivo. Both the 120-kDa and 117-kDa products have proteolytic activity (7), and in vitro translation experiments suggest that the activity of this protease is necessary for processing of genome-encoded products. In the absence of RNA-1, for example, the 150-kDa RNA-2-encoded polyprotein is not processed.